



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT AND THE COMPANY

DESCRIPTION	BPR Two-component epoxi Universal 50ml			
CODE	090088 (1.5min), 090089 (3.5min)			
DISTRIBUTOR	BOSSAUTO INNOVA, S.A.			
ADDRESS	C/ Thomas Edison 16, apartado de correos 95			
LOCATION	08430 La Roca del Vallés (Barcelona)			
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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

A COMPONENT

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

A. Classification according to Regulation nº1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard classHazard Category Hazard Statement

Acute Tox.	4	H332	Harmful if inhaled		
Eye Irrit.	2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
STOT SE	3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin Irrit.	2	H315	Causes skin irritation.		
Resp. Sens.	1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing		
difficulties if	inhaled.				
Skin Sens.	1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Carc.	2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.		
STOT RE	2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or		
repeated exposure by inhalation (respiratory system).					

2.2. Label elements Labelling according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



H332- Harmful if inhaled

H319-Causes serious eye irritation.

H335-May cause respiratory irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.





H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation (respiratory system).

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe vapors or spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

P304+P340-IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, modified

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB= very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (<0,1%).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT=persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (<0,1%).

B COMPONENT

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

A. Classification according to Regulation nº1272/2008 (CLP) The mixture is not classified as dangerous in the terms of the Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) Not applicable

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %). The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

A COMPONENT

3.1 Substance

n.a

3.2. Mixtures

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues	
Registration number (REACH)	
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	
CAS	9016-87-9





Content %	10-20	
Classification according to Reg		
1272/2008 (CLP)	Skin Irrit.2, H315	
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
	Resp Sens. 1, H334	
	Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	Carc. 2, H351	
	STOT SE 3, H335	
	STOT RE 2, H373	(respiratory system) (as
	inhalation)	

Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, modified	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457013-49-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	500-040-3 (NLP)
CAS	25686-28-6
Content %	10-20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

4,4-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457014-47-XXXX
Index	615-005-00-9
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	202-966-0
CAS	101-68-8
Content %	5-10
Classification according to Regulation	Acute Tox. 4, H332
(EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
	Eye Irrit.2, H319
	Resp. Sens. 1, H334
	Skin Sens. 1, H317
	Carc.2, H351
	STOT SE 3, H335
	STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16. The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification! For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.





<u>B COMPONENT</u> Polyhydric alcohols Amines

3.1. Substances 3.2 Mixture

n.a

Registration number (REACH)	
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	
CAS	
content %	
Classification according to	
Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

A COMPONENT

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected! Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

A. Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Respiratory arrest – Artificial respiration apparatus necessary.

B. Skins contact

Wipe off residual product carefully with a soft, dry cloth.

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Dab away with polyethylene glycol 400

C. Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water – call doctor immediately, have Data Sheet available.

D. Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting-give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1. The following may occur:

Dermatitis (skin inflammation) Drying of the skin. Allergic contact eczema Discoloration of the skin Irritant to mucosa of the nose and throat Coughing Headaches Effect on the central nervous system





Asthmatic symptoms

In case of sensitivity, concentrations below the limit value may already result in asthmatic symptoms.

Respiratory distress

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period/after several hours.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of irritation of the lungs, perform first-aid with controlled-dosage aerosol dexamethasone. Pulmonary oedema prophylaxis.

Medical supervision necessary due to possibility of delayed reaction.

B COMPONENT

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

A. By inhalation

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

B. Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

C. Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

D. Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Eye wash

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

A COMPONENT

5.1. Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media:
CO2
Extinction powder
Water jet spray
Foam
Unsuitable extinguishing media:
High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop: Oxides of carbon Oxides of nitrogen Isocyanates





Hydrocyanic acid (hydrogen cyanide) Toxic gases Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Protective respiratory with independent air supply. According to size of fire Full protection, if necessary Cool container at risk with water. Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

B COMPONENT

5.1. Extinguishing media

Small fire: Dry extinguisher CO2 Large fire: Water jet spray Foam **Unsuitable extinguishing media:** High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop: Oxides of carbon, Oxides of nitrogen, Toxic gases

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Protective respirator with independent air supply. According to size of fire Full protection, if necessary. Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

A COMPONENT

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unprotected persons away.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution-risk of slipping.

6.2. Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Allow to stand for a few days in an unclosed container until reaction no longer occurs. Keep moist.

Do not close packing drum.





C02 formation in closed tanks causes pressure to rise.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

B COMPONENT

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure sufficient supply of air. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.2. Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up. Resolve leaks if this possible without risk. Prevent from entering drainage system. Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Or:

Pick up mechanically and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

A COMPONENT

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation. Avoid inhalation of the vapors. If applicable, suction measures at the workstation or on the processing machine necessary. Avoid contact with eyes or skin. No contact with products of this type in case of allergies, asthma and chronic respiratory tract disorders. Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room. Observe directions on label and instructions for use. Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2. Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorized individuals. Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells. Store product closed and only in original packing. Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C. Store at room temperature. Store in a dry place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.





B COMPONENT

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2. Condition for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells. Store product closed and only in original packing. Store separately from acids. Protect against moisture and store closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store cool

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

A COMPONENT

8.1. Control parameters

GB Chemical Name	Diphenylmethanediisocyanate,	Content %: 10-20
	isomers and homologues	
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3		
(Isocyanates, all (as-NCO))	(Isocyanates, all (as NCO))	
Monitoring procedures:		
	Other information: Sen	
diamine/mol creatinine in urine	(Isocyanates,all (as-NCO))	
(Isocyanate, post task)		
GB Chemical name Methylenediphenyl		Content %: 10-20
	diisocyanate, modified	
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3	
(Isocyanates, all (as-NCO))	(Isocyanates, all (as-NCO))	
Monitoring procedures:		
BMGV: 1ymol urinary	Other information:	
diamine/mol creatinine in urine		
(Isocyanate, post task)		
GB Chemical Name	4,4'-methylenediphenyl	Content %: 5-10
	diisocyanate	
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3		
(Isocyanates, all (as-NCO)) (Isocyanates, all (as- NCO))		
Monitoring procedures:	ISO 16702 (Workplace air quality-	





	determination of tota groups in air us methoxyphenylpiperaz liquid chromatolograph MDHS 25/3 (Organic in air – Laboratory m sampling either of methoxyphenylpiperaz glass fibre filters f solvent desorption impingers and analysi performance chromatography) – project BC/CEN/ENTE 16 card 7-4 (2004)	sing 2-(1- zine and hy)-2001 isocyanates nethod using onto 2-(1- zine coated followed by or into s using high liquid 1999- EU	
BMGV: 1 ymol urinary	Other information:		Sen (Isocyanates, all (as-NCO))
diamine/mol creatinine in urine			
(Isocyanate, post task)			
GB Chemical Name	Talc		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3 (res.	WEL-STEL:		
Dust)			
Monitoring procedures:			
BMGV:			Other information:
GB Chemical Name	Silica, amorphous		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 6mg/m3 (total			
inh. Dust), 2,4 mg/m3			
(resp. dust)			
Monitoring procedures:			
BMGV:			Other information:

GB - WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit – Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (=time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW= "Arbeitsplatzrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit-Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU).

BMGV= Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW= "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany).

Other information: Sen=Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk=Can be absorbed through skin. Carc= Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

**= The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

4,4- methylenediphenyl diisocyanate						
Area of application	Exposure route/Environmental compartment	Effect health	on	Descriptor	Value	Unit
Consumer	Human-oral	Short systemic effects	term,	DNEL	20	Mg/kg Bw/day
Consumer	Human-dermal	Short	term,	DNEL	17,2	Mg/cm2

8.2. Exposure controls





		local effects			
Consumer	Human-dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	Mg/kg Bw/day
Consumer	Human-inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	Mg/m3
Consumer	Human-inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	Mg/m3
Consumer	Human-inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,025	Mg/m3
Consumer	Human-inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,025	Mg/m3
Workers/employees	Human-dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	28,7	Mg/cm2
Workers/employees	Human-dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	Mg/kg Bw/day
Workers/employees	Human-inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1	Mg/m3
Workers/employees	Human-inhalation	Shor term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,1	Mg/m3
Workers/employees	Human-inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	Mg/m3
Workers/employees	Human-inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	Mg/m3

8.2.1 Appropiate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction. If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here. Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques. These are specified by e.g EN 14042. EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166). **Skin protection- Hand protection:** Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374). If applicable Protective Neoprene® /polychloroprene gloves (EN 374). Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374) Protective Viton ® /fluoroelastomer gloves (EN 374) Minimum layer thickness in mm : >=0,4





Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

>=480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtainded under practical conditions. The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time. Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection-Other:

Protective working garments (e.g safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments)

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary. If OES or MEL is exceeded. Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents. Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications. Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account. Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use. The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

B COMPONENT

8.1. Control parameters

^{GB} Chemical Name	Talc	Content%:
WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3 (res. dust)	WEL-STEL:	
Monitoring procedures:		
BMGV:		Other information:
^{GB} Chemical Name	Silica, amorphous	Content%:
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL:	
Monitoring procedures:		
BMGV:		Other information:

BWEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.





** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

Oxidipropa	nol					
Area of	Exposure route /	Effect on health	Descript	Value	Unit	Note
application	Environmental		or			
	compartment					
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - Marine		PNEC	0,01	mg/l	
	Environment – sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment – sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1000	mg/l	
	Environment – sediment fresh water		PNEC	0,238	mg/Kg	
	Environment - Marine		PNEC	0,0238	mg/Kg	
	Environment - Soil		PNEC	0,0253	mg/Kg	
Consumer	Environment – Oral (animal feed)		PNEC	313	mg/Kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	51	mg/Kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	70	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human: oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	24	mg/Kg	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	84	mg/Kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	238	mg/m3	

8.2. Exposure controls

A. Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

A. Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

B. Skin protection – Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

If applicable

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)

Minimum layer thickness in mm: 0,35

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes: > 480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions. The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time. Protective hand cream recommended.

C. Skin protection-Other:





Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

D. Respiratory protection:

If air supply is not sufficient, wear protective breathing apparatus.

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

E. Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

A COMPONENT

9.1. Information on Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Pastelike, Liquid
Colour	Black
Odour	Slightly
Odour threshold	Not determined
pH-value	n.a
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined
Flash point	Not determined
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined
Lower explosive limit	Not determined
Upper explosive limit	Not determined
Vapour pressure	Not determined
Vapour density (air=1)	Not determined
Density	1,28 g/cm3
Bulk density	n.a
Solubility(ies)	Not determined
Water solubility	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined
Decomposition temperature	Not determined
Viscosity	~600000 mPas (Thixotrope)
Explosive properties	Product is not explosive
Oxidising properties	No

This technical / safety data sheet replaces the previous ones. Last review: 04/01/2019 www.bossauto.com



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9.2. Other information

Miscibility: Fat solubility/solvent: Conductivity: Surface tension: Solvents content: Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

B COMPONENT

9.1. Information on Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Paste, Liquid
Colour	White
Odour	Slightly
Odour threshold	Not determined
pH-value	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined
Flash point	Not determined
Evaportaion rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	n.a.
Lower explosive limit	Not determined
Upper explosive limit	Not determined
Vapour pressure	Not determined
Vapour density (air=1)	Not determined
Density	1,21 g/ml
Bulk density	n.a.
Solubility(ies)	Not determined
Water solubility	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined
Decomposition temperature	Not determined
Viscosity	50000 mPas
Explosive properties	Product is not explosive
Oxidising properties	No

9.2. Other information

Miscibility: Fat solubility/solvent: Conductivity: Surface tension: Solvents content: Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>A COMPONENT</u> **10.1. Reactivity** Reacts with water

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.



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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction possible with: Alcohols Amines Bases Acids Water Development of: Carbon dioxide CO2 formation in closed tanks causes pressure to rise Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect from humidity. Polymerisation due to high heat is possible.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids, bases, amines, alcohols, water

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition when used as directed.

B COMPONENT

10.1. Reactivity

The product has not been tested. **10.2. Chemical stability** Stable with proper storage and handling. **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** No dangerous reactions are known. **10.4. Conditions to avoid** See also section 7 None known **10.5. Incompatible materials** See also section 7. Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents. Avoid contact with strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2. No decomposition when used as directed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A COMPONENT

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Toxicity/effect	Endpoi nt	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a
Acute toxicity, by derma route:						n.d.a
Acute toxicity, by inhalation	ATE	4,29	Mg/l/4 h			Calculated value, aerosol
Acute toxicity, by inhalation	ATE	31,47	Mg/l/4 h			Calculated value, vapours





Skin corrosion/irritation						n.d.a
Serious eye damage/irritation						n.d.a
Respiratory or skir						n.d.a
sensitization						
Germ cell mutagenicity						n.d.a
Carcinogenicity						n.d.a
Reproductive toxicity						n.d.a
Specific target organ toxicity						n.d.a
 repeated exposure (STOT 						
SE)						
Specific target organ toxicity						n.d.a
 repeated exposure (STOT RE) 						
Aspiration hazard						n.d.a
Symptoms						n.d.a
Diphenylmethanediisocyan	ate, iso	mers ar	nd homo	logues		
Toxicity/effect	Endpoi	Value	Unit	Organis	Test	Notes
	nt			m	method	
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	Mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral	
					Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal	LD50	>5000	Mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402	
route					(Acute	
					Dermal	
					Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation	LC50	0,31	Mg/l/4	Rat	OECD 403	Aerosol, Does
			h		(Acute	not conform
					Inhalation	with EU
					Toxicity)	classification
Skin corrosion/irritation				Rabbit	OECD 404	Irritant
					(Acute	
					Dermal	
					Irritation/C	
					orrosion))	
Serious eye				Rabbit	OECD 405	Irritant,
damage/irritation					(Acute Eye	
					Irritation/C	conclusion
D				<u> </u>	orrosion)	
Respiratory or skin sensitization				Guinea pig		Yes (inhalation)
Respiratory or skin				Mouse	OECD 429	Sensitising,
sensitization					(Skin	Analogous
					Sensitisatio	conclusion
					n - Local	
					Lymph	
					Node	
<u> </u>					Assay)	NI 11
Germ cell mutagenicity				Salmonell		Negative
				a	(Bacterial	
				typhimuri		
				um	Mutation	
Carcinogonicity				Dat	Test)	Aaroool Limiter
Carcinogenicity				Rat	OECD 453	Aerosol, Limited





					(Combined Chronic Toxicity /Carcinoge nicity Studies)	evidence of a carcinogenic effect
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL	4	Mg/m3		OECD 414 (Prenatal Developme nt Toxicity Study)	Aerosol, negative
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure (STOT- RE)	LOAEL	1		Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Ca rcinogenicit y Studies)	Aerosol Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity- repeated exposure (STOT-RE)	NOAEL	0,2		Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Ca rcinogenicit y Studies)	Aerosol, analogous conclusion
Aspiration hazard						Negative
Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure (STOT-SE). inhalative						Target organ(s): respiratory system, May cause respiratory irritation
Specific target organ toxicity- repeated exposure (STOT-RE), INHALAT						Target organ(s): respiratory system, Positive
Methylenediphenyl diisocya						
Toxicity/effect	nt	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route	LD50	>5000	Mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route	LD50	>9400	Mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation	LC50	0,49	Mg/l/4 h	Rat		Aerosol, Does not conform with EL classification
Skin corrosion/irritation				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/co rrosion)	Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye	Irritant





					Irritation/C	
					orrosion)	6 1 1 1 1
Respiratory or skin				Guinea	OECD 406	Sentisitising
sensitization				pig	(Skin	(inhalation and
					sensitizatio n)	skin contact)
Gem cell mutagenicity					OECD 471	Negative
					(Bacterial	Negative
					Reverse	
					Mutation	
					Test)	
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						Watering eyes,
						breathing
						difficulties,
						asthmatic,
						symptoms,
Specific target organ						coughing Irritation of the
toxicity-single exposure						respiratory
(STOT-SE), inhalative						tract
4,4'-methylenediphenyl di	isocvana	ate		I		
Toxicity/effect	Endpoi		Unit	Organism	Test	Notes
	nt	2000		<u> </u>	method	
Acute toxicity, by oral route	LD50	>2000	Mg/kg	Rat		Analogous
						conclusion Richlinie
						84/449/EWG,B
						1
Acute toxicity, by dermal	LD50	>9400	Mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402	Analogous
route			5, 5		(Acute	conclusion
					dermal	
					toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation	LC50	0,368	Mg/l/4	Rat	OECD 403	Analogous
			h		(Acute	conclusion.
					Inhalation	Prüfatmosphäre
					toxicity)	: Staub/Nebel
Skin corrosion/irritation				Rabbit	OECD 404	Irritant,
					(Acute dermal	analogous conclusion
					irritation/co	CONCIUSION
					rrosion)	
Serious eye				Rabbit	OECD 405	Not irritant.
damage/irritation					(Acute eye	analogous
						conclusion
					irritation/co	CONCIUSION
					rrosion)	conclusion
Respiratory or skin				Mouse	rrosion) OECD 429	Positive
Respiratory or skin sensitization				Mouse	rrosion) OECD 429 (Skin	Positive Sensibilisierung
				Mouse	rrosion) OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisatio	Positive Sensibilisierung durch
				Mouse	rrosion) OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisatio n – Local	Positive Sensibilisierung durch Hautkontakt
				Mouse	rrosion) OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisatio n – Local Lymph	Positive Sensibilisierung durch
				Mouse	rrosion) OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisatio n – Local Lymph Node	Positive Sensibilisierung durch Hautkontakt
				Mouse	rrosion) OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisatio n – Local Lymph	Positive Sensibilisierung durch Hautkontakt





			1			
sensitisation				pig	(Skin sensitisatio n)	Verursacht keine Hautsensibilisie
						rung
Germ cell mutagenicity				Rat	In vivo	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity				Salmonell a typhimuri um		Negative, analogous conclusion
Carcinogenicity				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Ca rcinogenicit y Studies)	Aerosol, Studies on carcinogeneric effects in animal experiments. Analogous conclusion"
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL	4	Mg/m3	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developme ntal Toxicity Study)	Analogous conclusion, Aerosol
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity)	NOAEL	0,004	Mg/I	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developme ntal Toxicity Study)	Analogous conclusion, Aerosol
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility)	NOAEL	12		Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developme ntal Toxicity Study)	Analogous conclusion, Aerosol
Specific target organ toxicity- single exposure (STOT-SE) INHALATIVE						May cause respiratory irritation
Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat						Target organ(s): respiratory system, Acute Tox.4
Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat	LOAEL	1	Mg/m3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Ca rcinogenicit y Studies)	Target organ(s): respiratory system, irritation of the respiratory tract, Aerosol, Analogous conclusion Expositionsdau er:2a





Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat:	NOAEL	0,2	Mg/m3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Ca rcinogenicit y Studies)	Target organ(s): respiratory system, irritation of the respiratory tract. Aerosol, Analogous conclusion Expositionsdau er:2a
Talc	The state of	Malaa	11	•	T	Nata
Toxicity/effect	Endpoi nt	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Skin corrosion/irritation						Not irritant
Serious eye						Not irritant
damage/irritation						
Respiratory or skin						Not
sensitization						sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity						Negative
Carcinogenicity						Negative
Reproductive toxicity				Rat		Negative
Symptoms						Mucous
						membrane
						irritation
Silica, amorphous						
Lovicity/attact	Lndnoi					
Toxicity/effect	Endpoi nt	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
	-	>5000	Mg/kg	Rat		Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route	nt			_		Maximum
Acute toxicity, by oral route	nt LD50	>5000	Mg/kg	Rat	method	
Acute toxicity, by oral route	nt LD50	>5000	Mg/kg	Rat	method OECD 401	Maximum
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route	nt LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000	Mg/kg Mg/kg	Rat Rat	Method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Maximum achievable
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal	nt LD50	>5000	Mg/kg	Rat	methodOECD401(AcuteOralToxicity)OECD402	Maximum achievable
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route	nt LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000	Mg/kg Mg/kg	Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute	Maximum achievable
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal	nt LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000	Mg/kg Mg/kg	Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal	Maximum achievable
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg	Rat Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute	Maximum achievable
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal	nt LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal	Maximum achievable
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg	Rat Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal	Maximum achievable
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion)	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion) OECD 405	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion) OECD 405 (Acute Eye	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion) OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/C	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage / irritation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion) OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/C orrosion(Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion) OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/C orrosion(OECD 471	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage / irritation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion) OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/C orrosion(OECD 471 (Bacterial	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage / irritation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion) OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/C orrosion(OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse	Maximum achievable concentration.
Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by oral route Acute toxicity, by dermal route Acute toxicity, by inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage / irritation	nt LD50 LD50 LD50	>5000 >1000 >2000	Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/kg Mg/l/4	Rat Rat Rat Ratbit	method OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) OECD 404 (Acute dermal irritation/c orrosion) OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/C orrosion(OECD 471 (Bacterial	Maximum achievable concentration.





B COMPONENT

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organis	Test	Notes
				m	method	
Acute toxicity, by oral						Calculated
route						value
Acute toxicity, by dermal	ATE	>2000	Mg/kg			Calculated
route:						value
Acute toxicity, by	ATE	>20	Mg/l/4			Calculated
inhalation:			h			value, vapours
Acute toxicity, by	ATE	>5	Mg/l/4			Calculated
inhalation:			h			value, aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a
Serious eye						n.d.a
damage/irritation:						
Respiratory or skin						n.d.a
sensitisation:						
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a
Specific target organ						n.d.a
toxicity -						
single exposure (STOT-						
SE):						u d a
Specific target						n.d.a
organ toxicity -						
repeated exposure						
(STOTRE): Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a
Symptoms						n.d.a
						II.u.a
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organis	Test	Notes
Toxicity/enect	Lindpoint	Value	onic	m	method	notes
Skin corrosion/irritation						Not irritant
Serious eye						Not irritant
damage/irritation						
Respiratory or skin						Not
sensitization						sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity						Negative
Carcinogenicity						Negative
Reproductive toxicity				Rat		Negative
Symptoms						Mucous
						membrane
						irritation
Silica, amorphous						
Acute toxicity, by oral	LD50	>5000	Mg/kg	Rat		
route			0. 0			
Acute toxicity, by dermal	LD50	>2000	Mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402	
route					(Acute	
					Dermal	





						Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, inhalation	by	LC50	>0,691	Mg/l/4 h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation	n					OECD 404 (Acute dermal Irritation/ Corrosion	Not irritant
Serious damage/irritation	eye						Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity	/					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A COMPONENT

Toxicity to fish Toxicity to daphnia	n.d.a n.d.a
Toxicity to algae	n.d.a
Persistence and degradability	With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide). According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable.
Bioaccumulative potential	n.d.a
Mobility in soil	n.d.a
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	n.d.a
Other adverse effects	n.d.a

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish	LC50	96h	>1000	Mg/I	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia	EC50	24H	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia	NOEC/NOEL	21d	>10	Mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
Toxicity to algae	ErC50	72h	>1640	Mg/I	Scenedesmu s subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth inhibitior test)	
Persistence and degradability		28 d	0	%	Activated sludge	OECD 3020 (Inherent Biodegradability- Modified MITI Test (II)	biodegradabl e





					<u> </u>		
Bioaccumulative potential	BCF	42d	<14		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration- Flow-Through Fish test)	significant biodegradati on is expected.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Negative
bacteria	EC50	3h	>100	Mg/l	Activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludgee, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and ammonium oxidation))	
Toxicity to annelids	NOEC/NOEL	14d	>1000	Mg/kg	Lumbriucus terrestris	OECD 207 (Earthworm, acute toxicity tests)	
Methylenediphen	yl diisocyanat	e, mod	ified			, , ,	
Toxicity to fish	LC50	96H	>1000	Mg/I		OECD 203 (Fish, acute toxicity test)	
Toxicity to daphnia	NOEC/NOEL	21d	>10	Mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna reproduction test)	
Toxicity to algae	EC50	72h	>1640	Mg/l		OECD 201 (Alga, growth inhibitior test)	
Persistence and degradability		28d	0	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability- Modified MITI Test (II))	Not biodegradabl e
Bioaccumulative potential	BCF		200			× <i>m</i>	High
Toxicity to bacteria	EC50	3h	>100	Mg/l		OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Other information	AOX						Contains organically bound halogens, which may contribute to the AOX value in wastewater.
4,4'-methylenedi	phenyl diisocy	anate					
Toxicity to fish	LC50	96h	>1000	Mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to daphnia	EC50	24h	>1000	Mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion





Toxicity to daphnia	NOEC/NOEL	21 D	>10	Mg/l	Daphnia magna	(Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
, ,	ErC50	72h	>1640	Mg/l	Scenedesmu s subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibitior Test)	conclusion
Persistence and degradability		28d	0	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability- Modified MITI Test (II))	Analogous conclusion
potential	BCF	28d	0,00008		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration- Flow-Through Fish Test)	
Toxicity to bacteria	EC50	3h	>100	Mg/l	Activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to annelids	NOEC/NOEL	14d	>1000	Mg/kg	Lumbricus terrestris	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	
Water solubility							According to experience available to date, polycarbami de is inert and non- degradable. With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbami de)
	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Water solubility	-		<0,1	%			
Silica, amorphous	1.050	0.51	40000		Dural 1	0500 000 (5)	
Toxicity to fish	LC50	96h	>10000	Mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, acute toxicity test)	
Persistence and degradability						,,	Not biodegradabl





B COMPONENT

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish							n.d.a
Toxicity to daphnia							n.d.a
Toxicity to algae							n.d.a
Persistence and degradability							n.d.a
Bioaccumulative potential							n.d.a
Mobility in soil							n.d.a
Results of PBT and vPvB							n.d.a
assessment							
Other adverse effects							n.d.a
Other information							According to the recipe, contains no AOX.
Talc							
Water solubility			<0,1	%			

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

A COMPONENT

13.1. Waste treatment methods

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

08 05 01 waste isocyanates

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

Hardened product:

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

B COMPONENT

13.1. Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts:

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product. Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)





08 04 10 waste adhesives and sealants other than those mentioned in 08 04 09 Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site

For contaminated packing material:

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

A COMPONENT

General statements

14.1. UN number:

n.a.

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	n.a.
14.4. Packing group:	n.a.
Classification code:	n.a.
LQ:	n.a.
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code:	
Transport by sea (IMDG-code)	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	n.a.
14.4. Packing group:	n.a.
Marine Pollutant:	n.a
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Transport by air (IATA)	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	n.a.
14.4. Packing group:	n.a.
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Unless specified otherwise, general measures	for safe transport must be

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed. **14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

B COMPONENT

General statements 14.1. UN number: Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)	n.a.
UN proper shipping name:	
Transport hazar class(es):	n.a
Packing group:	n.a
Classification code:	n.a
LQ (ADR 2015):	n.a
Environmental hazards	Not applicable





Tunnel restriction code: **Transport by sea (IMDG-code)** UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es): Packing group: Marine pollutant: Environmental hazards: **Transport by air (IATA):** UN proper shipping name: Transport hazard class(es): Packing group:

n.a n.a. n.a. Not applicable

n.a. n.a. Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed. **14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

A COMPONENT

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Environmental hazards:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, modified Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC):

0 %

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

B COMPONENT

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2. Observe restrictions: General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 5,99 %

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

16. OTHER INFORMATION





A COMPONENT

Revised sections:

4, 11, 12, 15

These details refer to the product as it is delivered. Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H335	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Resp. Sens. 1, H334	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Carc. 2, H351	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT RE 2, H373	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Resp. Sens. — Respiratory sensitization

Skin Sens. - Skin sensitization

Carc. — Carcinogenicity

STOT RE — Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level

AOX Absorbable organic halogen compounds

approx.approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)





Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials BAM Research and Testing, Germany) BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany) **Bioconcentration factor** BCF Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation) BGV BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol) BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK) BOD Biochemical oxygen demand BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum bw body weight CAS Chemical Abstracts Service Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, CEC Lubricants and Other Fluids CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures) CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic COD Chemical oxygen demand CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level DNEL Derived No Effect Level DOC Dissolved organic carbon DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association DVS for Welding and Allied Processes) dw dry weight for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance e.g. EC European Community ECHA European Chemicals Agency EEA European Economic Area EEC European Economic Community EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EN European Norms EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America) ERC **Environmental Release Categories** ES Exposure scenario etc. etcetera EU European Union EWC European Waste Catalogue Fax. Fax number general gen. GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GWP Global warming potential HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA International Air Transport Association Intermediate Bulk Container. IBC IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code) IC Inhibitory concentration





IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods incl. including, inclusive **IUCLIDInternational Uniform ChemicaL Information Database** LC lethal concentration LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill LCLo lowest published lethal concentration LD Lethal Dose of a chemical LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill LDLo Lethal Dose Low LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level LQ Limited Quantities MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships not applicable n.a. n.av. not available not checked n.c. n.d.a. no data available NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America) NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration NOEL No Observed Effect Level ODP **Ozone Depletion Potential** OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development organic org. PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PBT PC Chemical product category PE Polyethylene PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential parts per million Ppm PROC Process category PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals) REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT. RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail) SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature Structure Activity Relationship SAR SU Sector of use SVHC Substances of Very High Concern Tel. Telephone ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand TOC Total organic carbon TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances) UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods





VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit -Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK). WHO World Health Organization

Wwt wet weight

B COMPONENT

16.1. Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

16.2 Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)

BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)

BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)

BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques

CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

COD Chemical oxygen demand

CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level



- DNEL Derived No Effect Level DOC Dissolved organic carbon DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes) dw dry weight for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance e.g. EC European Community ECHA European Chemicals Agency EEA European Economic Area EEC European Economic Community EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances European List of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS EN European Norms EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America) ERC **Environmental Release Categories** ES Exposure scenario etc. etcetera EU **European Union** EWC European Waste Catalogue Fax. Fax number general gen. GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GWP Global warming potential HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA International Air Transport Association IBC Intermediate Bulk Container IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code) IC Inhibitory concentration IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods incl. including, inclusive IUCLID International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database LC lethal concentration LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill LCLo lowest published lethal concentration LD Lethal Dose of a chemical LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill LDLo Lethal Dose Low LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level Limited Quantities LQ MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships n.a. not applicable not available n.av. not checked n.c. n.d.a. no data available NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America) NOAECNo Observed Adverse Effective Concentration NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration



NOEL No Observed Effect Level

BOSSOUL

ODP Ozone Depletion Potential

- OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- org. organic
- PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
- PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PC Chemical product category

PE Polyethylene

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential

ppm parts per million

PROC Process category

PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via

REACH-IT.

RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature SAR Structure Activity Relationship

- SAR Structure Activity Relat
- SU Sector of use
- SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
- Tel. Telephone
- ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand

TOC Total organic carbon

TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances) UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))

VOC Volatile organic compounds

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WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

(EH40, UK).

WHO World Health Organization

Wwt wet weight

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. The technical information is in accordance with our experience. We assure the quality of the product. However, the conditions of use are not under our control and we cannot assume any responsibility of the obtained results.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.