

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT

NAME OF THE PRODUCT Activator primer
CODE 080056 – 30 ml
 080061 – 250 ml

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation n°1272/2008 (CLP)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| H225 Flam. Liq 2 | Flamable liquid, Category 2 |
| H315 Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosión/Irritation, Category 2 |
| H319 Eye Irrit. 2 | Serious eye damage/ Eye irritation, Category 2. |
| H334 Resp. Sens.. 1 | Respiratory sensibility, Category 1. |
| H317 Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization, Category 1. |
| H351 Carc. 2 | Carcinogenic, Category 2. |
| H335-H336 STOT SE 3 | Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure, Category 3 |

2.2 Label elements

Regulation n°1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard pictograms



Danger

Components:

| Component | N°CAS | CE No. | % weight |
|---|------------|-----------|----------|
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | 201-159 | 40-60 |
| 2,4-Diisocyanate-1-methyl-benzene polymer with 1,6-Diisocyanatohexane | 26426-91-5 | | 5-10 |
| Isocianato de polimetileno | 9016-87-9 | | 5-10 |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | | 905-806-4 | <10 |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | 101-68-8 | 202-966-0 | 1-5 |

| | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|------|
| Oligomers of 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate | 28182-81-2 | 500-060-2 | <2,5 |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | 822-06-0 | 212-485-8 | <0,1 |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | 209-544-5 | <0,1 |

Hazard statements

| | |
|------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H334 | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or shortness of breath from inhalation. |
| H317 | May cause allergic skin reaction. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H335 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H336 | It can irritate the respiratory tract |

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

| | |
|-------|---|
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. No Smoking. |
| P261A | Avoid breathing vapors. |
| P280E | Wear protective gloves. |

Response:

| | |
|-----------|--|
| P304-P340 | IN CASE OF INHALATION: Remove person to fresh air and keep in a position that facilitates breathing. |
| P333+P313 | In case of skin irritation or rash: Consult a doctor. |
| P342+P311 | In case of respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |

9% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.
 12% of the mixture contains components whose acute inhalation toxicity is unknown.
 Contains 17% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

As of August 24, 2023, it is mandatory to have the appropriate information to proceed with an industrial or professional use.

Information required according to Regulation (EU) 2020/1149 regarding diisocyanates:

2.3 Other hazards:












People previously sensitized to isocyanates may develop a cross-reaction to other isocyanates.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance

Non-applicable.

3.2. Mixture:









| Components | | |
|---|---|--------|
| CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0 REACH: 01-2119457290-43 | Butanone  Flam. Liq. 2, H225;  Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | 40-60% |
| CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1 REACH : 01-2119485493-29 | N-butyl acetate  Flam. Liq. 3, H226;  STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | 5-15% |
| CAS: 26426-91-5 | 2,4-Diisocyanate-1-methyl-benzene polymer with 1,6-Diisocyanatohexane  Skin Sens. 1, H317 | 5-10% |
| CAS: 9016-87-9 | Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate  Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 2, H351; STOT RE 2, H373;  Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | 5-10% |
| EC: 905-806-4 | Reaction product of 4,4'- methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers  Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 2, H351; STOT RE 2, H373;  Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens.1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | <10% |
| CAS: 1333-86-4 EC: 215-609-9 REACH: 01-2119384822-32 | Lampblack Substance with national occupational exposure limit | 2-5% |
| CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 202-966-0 REACH: 01-2119457014-47 | 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate  Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 2, H351; STOT RE 2, H373;  Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | 1-5% |

| | | |
|--|---|--------|
| CAS: 2530-83-8 EC: 219-784-2 REACH: 01-2119513212-58 | [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane ☠ Eye Damage 1, H318 | < 2,5% |
| CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 500-060-2 | 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317; H335 | <2,5% |
| CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 REACH: 01-2119475791-29 | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ☠ Flam. Liq. 3, H226 ; STOT SE 3, H336 | < 2% |
| CAS: 822-06-0 EC: 212-485-8 REACH: 01-2119457571-37 | Hexamethylene di-isocyanate ☠ Acute Tox. 1, H330; Acute Tox. 4: 302; ☠ Resp. Sens. 1, H334 ☠ Eye damage 1, H318 ⚠ Skin Sens 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 ; Skin Corr. 1C H314; | <0,1% |
| CAS: 584-84-9 EC: 209-544-5 REACH : 01-2119486974-18 | 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate Acute Tox. 1, H330; ☠ Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 2, H351 ☠ Aquatic Acute 3, H412; ⚠ Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | < 0,1% |

Please see section 16 for the full text of the H phrases mentioned in this section.

Specific concentration limit

| Components | | |
|--|--|---------|
| CAS: 2530-83-8 EC: 219-784-2 REACH: 01-2119513212-58 | [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane Eye damage 1, H318 | C>=5% |
| CAS: 822-06-0 EC: 212-485-8 REACH: 01-2119457571-37 | Hexamethylene di-isocyanate ☠ Acute Tox. 1, H330; Acute Tox. 4: 302; ☠ Resp. Sens. 1, H334 ☠ Eye Damage 1, H318 ⚠ Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Corr. 1C H314; | C>=0,5% |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 202-966-0 REACH: 01-2119457014-47 | 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate  Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 2, H351; STOT RE 2, H373;  Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | C>=5% H315 C>=5% H319 C>=0,1% H334 C>=5% H335 |
| CAS: 9016-87-9 | Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate  Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 2, H351; STOT RE 2, H373;  Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | C>=5% H315 C>=5% H319 C>=0,1% H334 C>=5% H335 |
| CAS: 584-84-9 EC: 209-544-5 REACH : 01-2119486974-18 | 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate  Acute Tox. 1, H330;  Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 2, H351  Aquatic Acute 3, H412;  Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | C>=0,1% |

For information on environmental exposure limits of ingredients or PTB or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

By inhalation

Transport the victim outside. Consult a doctor in case of discomfort.

By skin contact

Wash with water and soap abundantly. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

By eye contact

Wash with water and soap abundantly. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy. Keep clarifying. Consult a doctor.

By ingestion

Rinse your mouth. Consult a doctor in case of discomfort.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:

Irritating to the respiratory tract (coughing, sneezing, runny nose, snoring headache, and sore nose and throat).

Allergic respiratory reaction (difficulty breathing, sneezing, coughing and tightness in the chest).

Skin irritation (localized redness, swelling, itching and dryness).

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blisters and itching).

Severe eye irritation (significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and vision problems).

Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, lack of coordination, nausea, slurred speech, dizziness, and loss of consciousness).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Non-applicable.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use an extinguisher suitable for flammable liquids such as chemical powder or carbon dioxide for extinction.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire can build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or by Products

Substance

Isocyanates
Carbon monoxide (CO)
Hydrogen cyanide
Nitrogen oxides

Conditions

During combustion
During combustion
During combustion
During combustion

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Water may not put out the fire effectively; however, it should be used to keep surfaces cool, keep fire-exposed containers cool, and prevent explosive breakage. Wear full protective suit, including helmet, positive pressure or demand self-contained breathing apparatus, jacket and pants, bands around the arms, waist and legs, face mask and protection that covers the exposed part of the head.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate the area. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking. Do not use tools that produce sparks. Ventilate the area with fresh air. In case of large spills, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice.

Warning! An engine could be a source of ignition, causing flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Consult other sections of this safety data sheet for more information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

To avoid it's releasing into the environment. For large spills, cover the liquid and build dikes to prevent entry into the sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with fire fighting foam. Put isocyanate decontaminating solution (90% water, 8% concentrated ammonia, 2% detergent) on the spill and allow to react for 10 minutes. Or put water on the spill and let it react for more than 30 minutes. Cover with absorbent material. Work from the edge of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or any other commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix with absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not eliminate the physical, health or environmental hazard. Pick up any amount of spilled material, using a non-sparking utensil. Place in a container suitable for transport but do not seal for 48 hours to avoid overpressure.

Clean the residue with a suitable solvent, selected by qualified and authorized personnel. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow the precautions on the solvent label and its

SDS. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/ regional/ national/ international legislation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For more information see section 8 and section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle the substance before having read and understood all the safety instructions. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking. Do not use tools that produce sparks. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Do not eat, drink, or smoke during use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. To avoid it's releasing into the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg Chloride, chromic acid, etc.). Wear suitable antistatic clothing and footwear to avoid electrostatic charges. Use the mandatory personal protective equipment (eg gloves, respiratory protection, etc.). To minimize the risk of ignition, determine the electrical classifications applicable to the process of using this product and select specific equipment with vents to avoid the accumulation of flammable vapors. Ground / equipotential bonding of vessel and receiving equipment if there is a possibility of static electricity build-up during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep in a cool and dry place. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Ver la información en las secciones 7.1 y 7.2 para recomendaciones para la manipulación y almacenamiento. Ver sección 8 para recomendaciones de controles de exposición/protección personal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Environmental exposure limits

If a component is listed in section 3 but is not in the table below, there is no occupational exposure limit available for the component.

| | |
|---|--|
| 101-68-8 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | |
| VLA | Long-lasting value: 0.052 mg/m ³ , 0.005 ppm Sensibilizante |
| 108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | |
| VLA | Short-term value: 550 mg/m ³ , 100 ppm Long-lasting value: 275 mg/m ³ , 50 ppm |
| 123-86-4 N-butyl acetate | |
| VLA | Short-term value: 965 mg/m ³ , 200 ppm Long-lasting value: 724 mg/m ³ , 150 ppm |
| 1333-86-4 Lampblack | |
| VLA | Valor de larga duración: 3,5 mg/m ³ |
| 584-84-9 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | |
| VLA | Short-term value: 0,14 mg/m ³ , 0.02 ppm Long-lasting value: 0,036 mg/m ³ , 0.005 ppm Sensibilizante |

| | |
|---|--|
| 78-93-3 Butanone | |
| VLA | Short-term value: 900 mg/m ³ , 300 ppm Long-lasting value: 600 mg/m ³ , 200 ppm |
| 822-06-0 Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | |
| VLA | Long-lasting value: 0.035 mg/m ³ , 0.005 ppm Sensibilizante |

Biological limit values

| Component | CAS | INSHT | Determinant | Biological sample | Sampling time | Value |
|-----------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|--------|
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | VLB | Metiletilcetona | Orina | EOS | 2 mg/L |

VLB: Biological limit values, Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents, Table 5.

EOS: End of shift.

Follow-up best practices

Consult the follow-up procedures recommended by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Hygiene (INSHT).

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls

Use general dilution and / or local exhaust ventilation to control exposure to airborne contaminants below exposure limits and to control dust / fume / mist / vapors / aerosol. If ventilation is not adequate use respiratory protection. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual Protection Equipment



Mandatory face protection

Select and wear protection to prevent eye / face contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye / face protections are recommended:

Ventilated goggles

Applicable standards

Wear eye protection according to EN 166



Mandatory hand protection

Choose and use gloves and / or protective clothing approved by relevant local regulations to avoid skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on usage factors, such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration; physical conditions, such as extreme temperatures and other conditions of use. Consult with your manufacturer for the selection of suitable matching gloves / protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following materials are recommended:

| Material | Thickness (mm) | Penetration time |
|--------------|----------------|------------------|
| Butyl rubber | 0.5 | ≥8 horas |

The data presented on gloves are based on the substance leading to skin toxicity and the conditions present at the time of the test. Breakthrough time can be altered when the glove is subjected to wear conditions that put additional stress on the glove.

Applicable standards

Wear gloves tested according to EN 374
 If the product is used in a way that presents a high potential for exposure (eg spraying, high risk of splashing, etc.) the use of protective suits may be

necessary. Select and wear body protection to avoid contact, based on the results of the exposure assessment. The following material is recommended for protective clothing: Apron - Butyl rubber.



Respiratory protection

An exposure study may be necessary to decide if respiratory protection is required, use protection as part of a respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure study, select from one of the following types of protection to reduce inhalation exposure: Air-purifying half-mask or full-facepiece respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates.

For questions about whether a product is appropriate for a specific application, consult your respiratory protection provider.

Applicable standards

Use respiratory protection equipment that meets the specifications of the EN 140 or EN 136 standards: type A and P filters.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|--|
| Physical state | Liquid |
| Appearance | Fluid |
| Colour | Black |
| Odour | Characteristic of solvents |
| Melting point / freezing point | No data available |
| Boiling point / range | 79°C |
| Inflammability (solid, gas) | Non applicable |
| Flammable limits (LEL) | 1,8% volum |
| Flammable limits (UEL) | 11,5% volum |
| Flashpoint | -8°C |
| Autoignition temperature | >=200°C |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available |
| pH | Non-soluble mixed substance (in water) |
| Kinematic viscosity | 52,6 mm ² /sg |
| Water solubility | Inmiscible |
| Not water solubility | No data available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water | No data available |
| Vapor pressure | 10,5 kPa |
| Density ⁶ | No data available |
| Relative density | 0,95 |
| Relative vapor density | No data available |

9.2. Other security features

Volatile Organic Compounds (UE)
 Evaporation range

No data available

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

This material can be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the following headings in this section.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Undetermined.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

| Substance | Conditions |
|-----------|------------|
|-----------|------------|

None known

See section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information below may not be in accordance with the EU material classification of section 2 and / or the ingredient classifications of section 3 when the classifications of the specific ingredients are mandatory as indicated by the competent authorities. Additionally, the information and data presented in section 11 are based on the calculation rules and classifications of the UN GHS System obtained from internal risk assessments.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Regulation (CE) n 1272/2008:

Symptoms of exposure

Based on test data and / or component information, this material produces the following effects.

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Respiratory tract irritation: Symptoms may include coughing, sneezing, runny nose, headache, hoarseness, and sore throat and nose. Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/ symptoms may include shortness of breath, wheezing, coughing, and chest tightness. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Skin irritation: Symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking and blistering, and pain. Allergic skin reaction: Signs / symptoms may include redness, swelling, blisters and itching.

Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs / symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and vision difficulties.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs / symptoms may include abdominal and stomach pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional health effects

Single exposure may cause target organs

Central nervous system depression: Symptoms may include headache, vertigo, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, increased reaction time, speech difficulties, and unconsciousness.

Respiratory Effects: Symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, increased heart rate, bluish skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests and / or respiratory failure.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects

Respiratory Effects: Symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, increased heart rate, bluish skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests and / or respiratory failure.

Carcinogenicity

It contains one or more chemicals that can cause cancer.

Additional Information

People previously sensitized to isocyanates may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to other isocyanates.

Toxicological data

If a component is mentioned in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, either there is no data available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Acute toxicity

| Identification | | |
|--|-----------------|--|
| Completo product | DL50 dermal | No data available; calculated ATE>5000 mg/Kg |
| | CL50 inhalation | No data available; calculated ATE20>50 mg/L |
| | DL50 oral | No data available; calculated ATE>5000 mg/Kg |
| Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0 REACH: 01-2119457290-43 | DL50 dermal | >8050 mg/Kg (rabbit) |
| | CL50 inhalation | 34,5 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | 2737 mg/Kg (rat) |
| N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1 REACH: 01-2119485493-29 | DL50 dermal | >5000 mg/Kg (rabbit) |
| | CL50 inhalation | 1,4 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | >20 mg/L (rat) |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate CAS: 9016-87-9 | DL50 dermal | >5000 mg/Kg (rabbit) |
| | CL50 inhalation | 0,368 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | 31600 mg/Kg (rat) |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers EC: 905-806-4 | DL50 dermal | 5000 mg/Kg (rabbit) |
| | CL50 inhalation | 0,368 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | 31600 mg/Kg (rat) |
| Lampblack CAS: 1333-86-4 EC: 215-609-9 REACH: 01-2119384822-32 | DL50 dermal | >3000 mg/kg (rabbit) |
| | DL50 oral | >8000 mg/kg (rat) |

| | | |
|--|-----------------|---|
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 202-966-0 REACH: 01-2119457014-47 | DL50 dermal | >5000 mg/Kg (rabbit) |
| | CL50 inhalation | >0,368 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | >31600 mg/kg (rat) |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane CAS: 2530-83-8 EC: 219-784-2 REACH: 01-2119513212-58 | DL50 dermal | 4000 mg/Kg. (rabbit) |
| | CL50 inhalation | >5,3 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | >7010 mg/Kg (rat) |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 500-060-2 | DL50 dermal | It is estimated that 1-5 mg/L (professional judgment) |
| | CL50 inhalation | >5000 mg/Kg (rabbit) |
| | DL50 oral | >5000 mg/Kg (rat) |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 REACH: 01-2119475791-29 | DL50 dermal | >5000 mg/Kg (rabbit) |
| | CL50 inhalation | >28,8 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | 8532 mg/Kg (rat) |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate CAS: 822-06-0 EC: 212-485-8 REACH: 01-2119457571-37 | DL50 dermal | >7000 mg/Kg (rat) |
| | CL50 inhalation | 0,124 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | 710 mg/Kg (rat) |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate CAS: 584-84-9 EC: 209-544-5 REACH: 01-2119486974-18 | DL50 dermal | >9400 mg/Kg (rabbit) |
| | CL50 inhalation | 0,12 mg/L (rat) 0,35 mg/L (rat) |
| | DL50 oral | >5000 mg/kg (rat) |

ATE= estimated acute toxicity

Skin corrosion or irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Butanone | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| N-butyl acetate | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | Official classification | Irritating |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | Official classification | Irritating |
| Lampblack | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | Official classification | Irritating |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| 2-Methoxy-methylethyl acetate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Rabbit | Irritating |

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------|
| Butanone | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| N-butyl acetate | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | Official classification | Severe irritant |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | Official classification | Severe irritant |
| Polymer of 2,4'-4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Lampblack | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | Official classification | Severe irritant |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| 2-Methoxy-methylethyl acetate | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Rabbit | Corrosive |

Skin sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| N-butyl acetate | Various animal species | No classified |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | Official classification | Sensitization |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | Official classification | Sensitization |
| Polymer of 2,4-diisocyanate-1-methyl-benzene with 1,6-Diisocyanatohexane | Guinea pig | Sensitization |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | Official classification | Sensitization |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | Guinea pig | Corrosive |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | Guinea pig | Sensitization |
| 2-Methoxy-methylethyl acetate | Guinea pig | No classified |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | Various animal species | Sensitization |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Humans and animals | Sensitization |

Respiratory sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|-------------------|---------------|
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | Human | Sensitization |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | Human | Sensitization |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | Human | Sensitization |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | Similar compounds | No classified |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | Human and animals | Sensitization |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Humano | Sensitization |

Germ cell mutagenicity

| Name | Rute | Value |
|---|----------|--|
| Butanone | In vitro | Not mutagenic |
| N-butyl acetate | In vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | In vitro | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | In vitro | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |
| Lampblack | In vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Lampblack | In vivo | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | In vitro | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | In vitro | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | In vitro | Not mutagenic |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| 2-Methoxy-methylethyl acetate | In vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | In vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | In vitro | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Rute | Species | Value |
|---|------------|------------------------|--|
| Butanone | Inhalation | Human | Not carcinogenic |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | Inhalation | Rat | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | Inhalation | Rat | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |
| Lampblack | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| Lampblack | Ingestion | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| Lampblack | Inhalation | Rat | Carcinogen |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | Inhalation | Rat | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | Dérmico | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | Inhalation | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Human and animals | Not carcinogenic |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Ingestion | Various animal species | Carcinogenic |

Reproductive toxicity

Effects on reproduction and / or development

| Name | Rute | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure duration |
|---|------------|--|---------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Butanone | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | LOAEL 8,8 mg/L | During pregnancy |
| N-butyl acetate | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 7,1 mg/L | Preparation and during pregnancy |
| N-butyl acetate | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 7,1 mg/L | Preparation and during pregnancy |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 0,004 mg/L | During organogenesis |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 0,004 mg/L | During organogenesis |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 0,004 mg/L | During organogenesis |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1000 mg/Kg/day | 1 generation |
| [[3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1000 mg/Kg/day | 1 generation |
| [3 (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 3000 mg/Kg/day | During organogenesis |
| 2-Methoxy-methylethyl acetate | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1000 mg/Kg/day | Preparation and during pregnancy |
| 2-Methoxy-methylethyl acetate | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1000 mg/Kg/day | Preparation and during pregnancy |
| 2-Methoxy-methylethyl acetate | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1000 mg/Kg/day | Preparation and during pregnancy |
| 2-Methoxy-methylethyl acetate | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 21,6 mg/L | During organogenesis |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 0,002 mg/L | 7 weeks |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 0,002 mg/L | 7 weeks |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 0,014 mg/L | 4 weeks |

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|--|-----|---------------------|----------------------|
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 0,002 mg/L | 2 generation |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 0,002 mg/L | 2 generation |
| 4-methyl-m-femylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 0,004 mg/L | During organogenesis |

Specific organ (s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

| Name | Route | Specific organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure duration |
|--|------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Butanone | Inhalation | nervous system depression central. | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | Official classification | NOAEL Not available | |
| Butanone | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | There is some positive data, but it is not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Butanone | Ingestion: | nervous system depression central. | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | Professional criteria | NOAEL Not available | |
| Butanone | Ingestion: | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL Not available | Not applicable |
| Butanone | Ingestion: | kidneys and / or gallbladder | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 1.080 mg/kg | Not applicable |
| N-butyl acetate | Inhalation | respiratory system | May cause organ damage | Rat | LOAEL 2,6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| N-butyl acetate | Inhalation | nervous system depression central. | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | Human | NOAEL Not available | Not available |
| N-butyl acetate | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | May cause respiratory irritation | Human | NOAEL Not available | Not available |
| N-butyl acetate | Ingestion: | nervous system depression central. | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | Professional criteria | NOAEL Not available | |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | May cause respiratory irritation | Official classification. | NOAEL Not available | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / isomers of MDI | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | May cause respiratory irritation | Official classification. | NOAEL Not available | |
| 4,4'-methylene diphenyl diisocyanate | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | May cause respiratory irritation | Official classification.. | NOAEL Not available | |
| 1,6-diisocyanate oligomers hexamethylene | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | May cause respiratory irritation | | NOAEL Not available | |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | There are some positive data, but they are not sufficient for the classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | May cause respiratory irritation | Humans and animals | NOAEL Not available | |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Blood | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Irritation of the respiratory system | May cause respiratory irritation | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposures

| Name | Route | Specific organ (s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure duration |
|----------|--------|--------------------|----------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Butanone | Dermal | Nervous system | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | 31 weeks |

| | | | | | | |
|--|------------|--|--|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Butanone | Inhalation | Liver kidneys and / or gallbladder heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bones, teeth, nails, and / or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 14,7 mg/l | 90 days |
| Butanone | Inhalation | Liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL Not available | 7 days |
| Butanone | Inhalation | Nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 173 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| N-butyl acetate | Inhalation | Olfactory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,4 mg/l | 14 weeks |
| N-butyl acetate | Inhalation | Liver / kidneys and / or gallbladder | Not classified | Rabbit | NOAEL 7,26 mg/l | 13 days |
| Polymethylene isocyanate polifenileno | Inhalation | Respiratory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0,004 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / isomers by MDI | Inhalation | Respiratory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0,004 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Lampblack | Inhalation | Pneumoconiosis | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | Occupational exposure |
| 4,4'-methylene diphenyl diisocyanate | Inhalation | Respiratory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0,004 mg/l | 13 weeks |

| | | | | | | |
|--|------------|---|--|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethyl oxysilane | Ingestion | Heart endocrine system bones, teeth, nails, and / or hair hematopoietic system liver immune system nervous system kidneys and / or gallbladder respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1.00 0 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | Inhalation | Immune system blood | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0,084 mg/l | 2 weeks |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Inhalation | Kidneys and / or gallbladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 16,2 mg/l | 9 days |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Inhalation | Olfactory system | Not classified | Mouse | LOAEL 1,62 mg/l | 9 days |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Inhalation | Blood | Not classified | Various animal species | NOAEL 16,2 mg/l | 9 days |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Ingestion | Endocrine system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1.00 0 mg/kg/day | 44 days |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | liver kidneys and / or gallbladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0,002 mg/l | 3 weeks |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Endocrine system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0,0014 mg/l | 4 weeks |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Blood | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0,0012 mg/l | 2 years |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0,002 mg/l | 7 weeks |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Heart | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0,001 mg/l | 90 days |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | Inhalation | Respiratory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL 0 mg/l | Occupational exposure |

Aspiration hazard

For component / components either the data is not currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or telephone number listed on the first page of the safety data sheet for additional toxicological information on this material and / or its components.

11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substance that is considered an endocrine disruptor for human health.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The following information may not be in accordance with the EU material classification in Section 2 and / or the ingredient classifications in section 3 if the specific ingredient classifications are determined by the competent authority. In addition, the statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M evaluations.

12.1 Toxicity

No test data available for the product

| Material | CAS # | Organism | Type | Exposition | Test end point | Test result |
|--|------------|------------------|---|------------|----------------|-------------|
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Active sludge | Experimental | 12 hours | IC50 | 1.873 mg/l |
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Bacteria | Experimental | 16 hours | NOEC | 1.150 mg/l |
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Fathead Minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 2.993 mg/l |
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Green algae | Experimental | 96 hours | EC50 | 2.029 mg/l |
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 308 mg/l |
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Green Algae | Experimental | 96 hours | EC10 | 1.289 mg/l |
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | 100 mg/l |
| N-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | Anaerobic sludge | Experimental | 24 hours | NOEC | 1.200 mg/l |
| N-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | Bacteria | Experimental | 18 hours | EC50 | 959 mg/l |
| N-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | Crustaceans | Experimental | 48 hours | LC50 | 32 mg/l |
| N-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | Fathead Minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 18 mg/l |
| N-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 674,7 mg/l |
| N-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | Water flea | Experimental | 24 hours | EC50 | 72,8 mg/l |
| Polymer of 2,4-diisocyanate-1-methyl-benzene with 1,6-Diisocyanatohexane | 26426-91-5 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | N/A |
| Polymethylene isocyanate polyphenylene | 9016-87-9 | Water flea | Estimated | 24 hours | EC50 | >100 mg/l |
| Polymethylene isocyanate polyphenylene | 9016-87-9 | Active sludge | Experimental | 3 hours | EC50 | >100 mg/l |

| | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------|------|-------------|
| Reaction product of diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | 905-806-4 | Active sludge | Estimated | 3 hours | EC50 | >100 mg/l |
| Reaction product of diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | 905-806-4 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | EC50 | >1.640 mg/l |
| Reaction product of diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | 905-806-4 | Water flea | Estimated | 24 hours | EC50 | 129,7 mg/l |
| Reaction product of diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | 905-806-4 | Zebrafish | Estimated | 96 hours | LC50 | >1.000 mg/l |
| Reaction product of diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | 905-806-4 | Green algae | Estimated | | NOEL | 1.640 mg/l |

| | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-------------------|---|----------|------|-------------|
| Reaction product of diisocyanate 4,4'-methylene diphenyl and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | 905-806-4 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 days | NOEC | 10 mg/l |
| Lampblack | 1333-86-4 | Active sludge | Experimental | 3 hours | EC50 | >=100 mg/l |
| Lampblack | 1333-86-4 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | N/A |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | 101-68-8 | Active sludge | Estimated | 3 hours | EC50 | >100 mg/l |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | 101-68-8 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | EC50 | >1.640 mg/l |
| 4,4'-methylene diisocyanate-diphenyl | 101-68-8 | Water flea | Estimated | 24 hours | EC50 | >1.000 mg/l |
| 4,4'-methylene diisocyanate-diphenyl | 101-68-8 | Zebrafish | Estimated | 96 hours | LC50 | >1.000 mg/l |
| 4,4'-methylene diisocyanate-diphenyl | 101-68-8 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | NOEC | 1.640 mg/l |
| 4,4'-methylene diisocyanate-diphenyl | 101-68-8 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 hours | NOEC | 10 mg/l |
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | Bacteria | Experimental | 5 hours | EC10 | 1.520 mg/l |
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | Carpa común | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 55 mg/l |
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | Other Crustaceans | Experimental | 48 hours | LC50 | 324 mg/l |
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | Green algae | Experimental | 96 hours | EC50 | 350 mg/l |
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | Green Algae | Experimental | 96 hours | NOEC | 130 mg/l |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|--------------|------------|------|-------------|
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | >=100 mg/l |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | 28182-81-2 | Active sludge | Experimental | 3 hours | EC50 | 3.828 mg/l |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | 28182-81-2 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | >1.000 mg/l |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | 28182-81-2 | Zebrafish | Experimental | 96 hours | LL50 | >100 mg/l |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | 28182-81-2 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 horas | EC10 | 370 mg/l |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | Active sludge | Experimental | 30 minutes | EC10 | >1.000 mg/l |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | >1.000 mg/l |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | Rainbow trout | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 134 mg/l |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 370 mg/l |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | NOEC | 1.000 mg/l |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | 100 mg/l |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | 822-06-0 | Green Algae | Estimated | 96 hours | EC50 | 14,8 mg/l |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | 822-06-0 | Medaka | Estimated | 96 hours | LC50 | 71 mg/l |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | 822-06-0 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | EC50 | 27 mg/l |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | 822-06-0 | Active sludge | Experimental | 3 hours | EC50 | 842 mg/l |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | 822-06-0 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | NOEC | 10 mg/l |
| Hexamethylene di-isocyanate | 822-06-0 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 days | NOEC | 4,2 mg/l |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----------|----------|------|-----------|
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Green algae | Estimated | 96 hours | EC50 | 9,54 mg/l |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | EC50 | 1,6 mg/l |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Zebrafish | Estimated | 96 hours | LC50 | 392 mg/l |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Crustaceans | Estimated | 14 days | NOEC | 0,8 mg/l |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Medaka | Estimated | 28 days | NOEC | 40,3 mg/l |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Material | N° CAS | Kind of test | Duration | Kind of study | Test result | Protocol |
|---|------------|------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | Biological oxygen demand | 98 % DBO/DBO theoretical | OECD 301D - Closed Bottle Test |
| N-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | Biological oxygen demand | 98 % weight | OECD 301D - Closed Bottle Test |
| Polymer of 2,4-diisocyanate-1-methylbenzene with 1,6-Diisocyanatohexane | 26426-91-5 | Data not available or insufficient | | | N/A | |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | 9016-87-9 | Experimental Hydrolysis | | Hydrolytic half-life | <2 hours (t _{1/2}) | Non-standard method |
| Polymethylene isocyanate | 9016-87-9 | Estimated Biodegradation | 28 days | Biological oxygen demand | 0 % Weight | OECD 301C - MITI (I) |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Reaction product of diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | 905-806-4 | Data not available or insufficient | | | N/A | |
| Lampblack | 1333-86-4 | Data not available or insufficient | | | N/A | |
| 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | 101-68-8 | Estimated Hydrolysis | | Hydrolytic average life | 20 hours (t _{1/2}) | Non-standard method |
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropyl) trimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | Experimental Hydrolysis | | Hydrolytic average life | 6.5 hours (t _{1/2}) | Non-standard method |
| [3- (2,3-epoxypropyl) trimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | Dissol. carbon depletion organic | 37 % Weight | Non-standard method |
| 1,6-oligomers hexamethylene diisocyanate | 28182-81-2 | Experimental Hydrolysis | | Hydrolytic average life | 7.7 hours (t _{1/2}) | Non-standard method |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | 28182-81-2 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | Biological oxygen demand | 1 % Weight | Non-standard method |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | Biological oxygen demand | 87.2 % DBO/DBO theoretical | OECD 301C - MITI (I) |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | 822-06-0 | Experimental Hydrolysis | | Hydrolytic average life | 5 minutes (t _{1/2}) | Non-standard method |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | 822-06-0 | Estimated Biodegradation | 28 days | Biological oxygen demand | 82 % DBO/DBO theoretical | OECD 301D - Closed Bottle Test |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Estimated Photolysis | | Photolytic average life (in air) | 4.27 days (t 1/2) | Non-standard method |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Experimental Hydrolysis | | Hydrolytic average life | 5 days (t 1/2) | Non-standard method |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Estimated Biodegradation | 14 days | Biological oxygen demand | 0 % Weight | OECD 301C - MITI (I) |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Material | Cas No. | Kind of test | Duration | Type of study | Test result | Protocol |
|--|------------|---|----------|---|-------------|--------------------------------|
| Butanone | 78-93-3 | Experimental Bioconcentration | | Log partition coefficient octanol / water | 0.29 | Non-standard method |
| N-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | Experimental Bioconcentration | | Log partition coefficient octanol / water | 1.78 | Non-standard method |
| Polymer of 2,4-diisocyanate-1-methylbenzene with 1,6-Diisocyanate hexane | 26426-91-5 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Polymethylene isocyanate polyphenylene | 9016-87-9 | Estimated BCF-Carp | 28 days | Bioaccumulation factor | 200 | Non-standard method |
| Reaction product of diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / isomers de MDI | 905-806-4 | Experimental BCF-Carp | 28 days | Bioaccumulation factor | 200 | OECD 305E-Bioaccum Fl-thru fis |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---|---------|---|------|-----------------------------------|
| Lampblack | 1333-86-4 | Data not available or insufficient for the classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | 101-68-8 | Experimental BCF- Carp | 28 days | Bioaccumulation factor | 200 | OECD 305E- Bioaccum Fl- thru fish |
| [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl] trimethoxy silane | 2530-83-8 | Data not available or insufficient for the classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers | 28182-81-2 | Data not available or insufficient for the classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | Experimental Bioconcentration | | Log partition coefficient octanol / water | 0.36 | Non-standard method |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate | 822-06-0 | Estimated Bioconcentration | | Log partition coefficient octanol / water | 0.02 | Non-standard method |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Estimated BCF- Carp | 42 days | Bioaccumulation factor | <50 | OECD 305C- Bioaccum degree fish |

12.4 Movility in soil

| Material | Cas No. | Kind of test | Type of study | Test result | Protocol |
|---|-----------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| Diisocianato de 4,4'-metilendifenilo | 101-68-8 | Estimated Mobility in soil | Koc | 34.000 l/kg | Episuite™ |
| [3-(2,3-epoxipropoxy) propil] trimetoxisilano | 2530-83-8 | Estimated Mobility in soil | Koc | 58 l/kg | Episuite™ |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances identified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any substance that is considered an endocrine disruptor due to environmental effects.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of the content and/ or container in accordance with applicable local/ regional/ national/ international legislation.


Incinerate in a licensed incinerator. As a disposal alternative, use an authorized waste treatment facility. Empty containers / drums / containers used for handling and transporting dangerous chemical substances (preparations / mixtures / chemical substances classified as dangerous by applicable regulations) must be classified, stored, treated and disposed of as hazardous waste unless so determined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective competent authorities to determine the proper treatment and facilities for disposal.

The waste code is based on the application of the product by the customer. Since this is beyond the control of the manufacturer, no waste codes are given for products after use. Please refer to the European waste code catalog (EWC - 2000/532 / EC and subsequent amendments) to assign the correct waste code. Make sure that regional and / or national legislation is complied with and always use an authorized waste manager.

EU waste code (product as sold)

140603* Other solvents or solvent mixture

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| 14.3 Transport Hazard class(es) Ground transportation ADR  | |
| Class Label | 3 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Not applicable |
| 14.6 Special precautions for users Kemler Number Tunnel restriction code ADR IATA, IMGR Stowage category | 33 F-E-, S-E B |

| | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code | Not applicable |
| Transport additional data ADR Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) Code E2 Maximum net quantity per inner container Maximum net quantity per outer packaging | 5L 30ml 500ml |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

| Component | Nº CAS | Classification | Reglament |
|---|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Lampblack | 1333-86-4 | Grp. 2: Suspected of causing cancer | International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) |
| Diisocyanate 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl | 101-68-8 | Carcinogenicity, category 2 | Reglament (EC) No. 1272/2008, Table 3.1 |
| Diisocyanate 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl | 101-68-8 | Gr. 3: Not classifiable | International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | 9016-87-9 | Carcinogenicity, category 2 | Classified by 3M according to Regulation (CE) N°1272/2008 |
| Polyphenylene polymethylene isocyanate | 9016-87-9 | Gr. 3: Not classifiable | International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) |
| Reaction product of 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate and 2,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate / MDI isomers | 905-806-4 | Carcinogenicity, category 2 | Classified by 3M according to Regulation (CE) 1272/2008 |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Carcinogenicity, | Reglament (EC) No. 1272/2008, Table 3.1 |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate | 584-84-9 | Grp. 2: Suspected of causing cancer | International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) |

Restrictions on manufacture, marketing and use

The following substance / s contained in this product is subject to the provisions of Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation on Restrictions on the manufacture, marketing and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles. Users of this product must comply with the restrictions imposed by the provision mentioned above.

| Component | N° CAS |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| 4,4'-methylene-diphenyl diisocyanate | 101-68-8 |

Restriction status: Included in Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation

Restricted uses: See Annex XVII of Regulation EC 1907/2006 on conditions of restrictions.

Global inventory status

Contact the manufacturer for more information.

15.2 Chemical safety report

The chemical safety assessment of this mixture has not been carried out. The assessment of the chemical safety of the substances contained may have been carried out by their registrants in accordance with the obligations established by Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and its amendments.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 List of relevant H phrases

| | |
|--------|--|
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May produce an allergic reaction on the skin. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H334 | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| H335 | It can irritate the respiratory tract. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H351 | It is suspected of causing cancer. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Revised information

No review information

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, and cannot guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered as a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the safety requirements. The methodology and working conditions of the users of this product are beyond our knowledge and control, and it is always the ultimate responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to adapt to the legislative requirements regarding the handling, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. . The information in this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for purposes other than those specified.